EDWARD VII, ENGLAND'S NEW KING.

The Kind of Man Who Comes to the Throne of Great Britain After Many Years of Waiting --- His Gracious and Noble Queen, Alexandra --- Some Facts About the New Heir Apparent.

Edward VII, the new king of England and emperor of India, is in his six- ates and statesmen embraced one antieth year. He is well preserved, of average height, of portly build, florid as to complexion and of an even, placid ing districts. Thousands of church

lived an almost uneventful life. While ant nation. Early in the morning the waiting for the scepter and royal robes privy council met in state to ordain he has had little chance to show what prayer and thanksgiving from one end kingly mettle was in him.

been his fondness for sports. He has who went wild with delight. raced horses, sailed yachts, shot birds, The boyhood of the prince was unplayed cards and gambled more or less, eventful. His early education was a common ancestry and in whose exwith more or less discretion.

Albert I, starting a new line of kings, Prestwich; Mr. Gibbs, barrister at law;

there was universal gratulation. Prel other with uncontrolled effusiveness, Cannon from the grounds without thundered the news to all the surroundbells took up the glad tidings and peal-In the shadow of the throne he has ed out the announcement to an expectof the country to the other.

The world knows him only as a jolly A few weeks later, on the occasion prince who has done nothing very good of the prince's baptism in the Royal nor any great evil. Perhaps the most | chapel of Windsor, he was shown from notable feature of his life thus far has the balcony to a huge crowd of persons,

conducted at home under the tutelage traordinary progress every Englishman He might have come to the throne as of the Rev. H. M. Birch, rector of feels a common interest."

States. Everywhere he was received

with boundless enthusiasm. He danc-

ed at a ball given in his honor at Wash-

ington, where he was cordially wel-

The United States indeed was pre-

pared to receive him with open arms.

At Hamilton, the last place in Canada where he made a halt, he had spoken

tome kindly words, which awoke gen-

"My duties," he said, "as representa-

risit before my return home that re-

comed by President Buchanan.

ral approval here.

markable land which claims with us

In 1862, accompanied by Dean Stan-

ley, he made a journey to the east, including a visit to Jerusalem. The announced to Princess Alexandra, the aggressive Englishman. eldest daughter of the king of Denmark. She was three years younger tively poor, was beautiful and accomon March 10, 1863.

casion. The princess soon made her- in the history of the world.

As a social factor in England the McAllister called him "the great social influence that many Americans-a nation whom he has always liked-have received their entree into the inner circles of the British aristocracy. Nevertheless the social and fashionable side of his life has been more of a duty than a pleasure to him. He has always been most content when surrounded by a circle of his old friends at his palace, in Sandringham, a small village in the county of Nerfolk. There he has lived the life of an English country gentle-

The affection and esteem in which the prince has been held were never better exemplified than in December. 1871, when he was attacked by typhoid fever and for some weeks hung between life and death. The anxiety of the public was intense, and the news of his recovery was greeted with great ity college, Cambridge, for the same loy. On his first appearance in public to take part in the memorable "thanksgiving service" in St. Paul's cathedral on Feb. 27, 1872, the streets along the line of his route were crowded with a cheering multitude.

Since then the prince has been putting in several years of quiet work, taking a great deal of the responsibility that

celebration of his mother's jubilee in In the summer of 1860 the prince paid a visit to Canada and the United 1887. He worked like a slave.

It is impossible not to mention two notable things of recent years-the baccarat scandal and the death of the prince's eldest son and his helr, the Duke of Clarence. The card scandal came up in the winter of 1890 while the prince was visiting Mrs. Arthur Wilson at Tranby Croft. Sir William Gordon-Cumming, a cavalry officer of good family, was charged with cheating. It was said that he increased his stake after seeing that the cards were live of the queen cease this day, but in his favor. It was a famous trial; in a private capacity I am about to the prince was a witness, and Sir William Gordon-Cumming lost. He married the daughter of an American millionaire, Miss Garner of New York, and etired into private life.

Two years later the Duke of Clarence fell a victim to the grip. It was a great blow to both the prince and princess, a bereavement from which they have never fully recovered. After the funeral the prince retired to the deepest privacy. It was many months before he could take up his public du-

Of late years Marlborough House has become the center of the prince's social and official life. His study, where none but his intimates is admitted, looks like the room of a bardworking man of business. He works at an old fashioned pedestal desk table. The desk shuts with a spring and can be opened only with a golden key, which the prince carries on his watch chain. Every hour of his day is mapped out for him. First comes his private correspondence, which is very large. From 10 till 11 each morning is spent in talking over and dictating replies to letters that have been sorted over by his secretary. The remainder of his day is governed by his appointment book. The social feature of it is very large. When the prince does have an idle hour, he enjoys a new novel that he has picked from the bookstall himself,

No political party has ever been able young prince was now of a marriage- to rightly claim the Prince of Wales able age. Speculation was rife as to as an adherent, or even as an active who would be the lady of his choice. sympathizer. He has always managed The question was settled in the early to keep conspicuously clear of party or part of 1863, when his engagement was sectional interests and still remain an

In 1868 the late king of Sweden initlated Albert Edward into the mystethan the prince and, though compara- ries of Freemasonry. His father had refused to associate himself with the plished. The marriage was celebrated craft, but the prince had views of his in St. George's chapel, Windsor castle, own. In 1875 he was elected grand master of England. At one Freemason All England rejoiced over the event. | dinner, when the prince presided, the Tennyson, who had just been made po- list of subscriptions reached the enoret laureate, wrote one of his fine poems, mous sum of \$250,000, the largest "A Welcome to Alexandra," on this oc- amount ever raised at a festival dinner

self very popular with all classes of | Americans know the new king as a the British public, not only by her out- game sportsman. He began that caward grace of manner, but also by her | reer early. When he was only 15 years virtues and amiability. The prince old, accompanying his father on deer himself has always shared in this pop- stalking expeditions, he was the best ularity, although the sterner puritan- shot in his family. In manhood the ism of his potential subjects has often | royal colors-purple, gold band, searlet fringe-have been a familiar sight on all British race courses of the first class. prince has always been supreme. Ward | His name has often stood high in the list of winning owners. He is generaldictator." It was largely through his ly agreed to be a capital judge of a horse. His greatest triumph was the winning of the Derby by Persimmon in

During the past few years King Edward Vii has seldem been seen following'the bounds, but in the game scason he is feremost in big shooting parties. As a yachtsman he has been particularly fortunate. He is the owner of many splendid prizes.

While no one can confidently say what political changes the advent of the new king will make-and it is possible that his rule may materially affect the course of British politics-it is known that he has always had liberal leanings. He detested Beaconsfield; he felt a warm admiration for Gladstone. His most intimate friend among the leading politicians of England is Rosebery. It is already predicted that the new king will work for Rosebery for the premiership.

As for the new queen of England, she is a daughter of the north who at 56 is still beautiful. She is a splendid type of woman and was Princess Alexandra of Denmark prior to her marriage to the Prince of Wales 38 years ago.

soon became possessor of it. Within a roung prince, like his brother and slsconfidential emissary to Denmark to tudied simplicity both in London and carry his suit to the princess. The it Sandringham and much more like ly by the grandeur and beauty of the pringing up is understood in other fitted for the pomp and honor of her ion's tutor, and under his superintendstrictly conservative, of commanding prince's life were passed in quiet study presence and stature.

Her character is at once strong and sweet, and she shows a kindly consideration for all who approach her.

As a mother she is ideal. Her children were reared and educated as befits their station, and their discipline is hip stationed at Dartmouth. Here the a matter of comment in England. She roung prince entered upon his training is a thoroughly practical woman, fond of the best literature and an accom-

very short time he had dispatched a ers, was brought up with the most emissary was struck by the simplicity he child of a plain country gentleman of the royal personages, but particular- han the son of a royal prince as such young princess. Because of her simple sountries. The Rev. J. N. Dalton was home training the princess was best selected by the Prince of Wales as his station. She is a brilliant woman, mee the first few years of the young ind in a happy home life of which he was the leading spirit.

In 1877 Prince George and the late Duke of Clarence and Avondale beame naval cadets and entered on board H. M. S. Britannia, the training for the profession to which his after ife was to be devoted and showed a great deal of taste for naval studies,



ALEXANDRA, THE NEW QUEEN.

An Intimate friend of the Princess of applying himself in praiseworthy man-Wales-for only an intimate friend can ner to the intricacles of navigation and be pardoned in so describing her-says to the mysteries of knotting and splicthat she is "sweet, noble, pretty, snap- ing and the other details of a seaman's py, arrogant and disagreeable." Her education. His elder brother, Albert temper is quick, disagreeable and un- Victor, the duke of Clarence, died in certain." Yet, withal, this friend adds 1892, and George took his place in the that she is "just the most lovable wo- succession. York's training has been man in the world."

reign has shown herself to be more with the North American squadron. a man than a woman. Her conduct in In 1885, after passing the examinations time of trouble has been calm and se- with great credit, he was promoted to rene, and in time of peace she has dis- a lieutenancy. His first command was played the stolidity so admired by Eng-

Queen Alexandra, on the other hand, is always a woman, Excitable at times, fervent, pathetic, variable-and womanly always.

The strongest feature displayed by the new queen of England is her clique. No one ever knew Victoria to have an intimate friend. Even Mme. Albani was kept at length, but Queen Alexandra has her friends and falls out with them in a woman's way.

At one time she loved Lady Brooke, but her love cooled; at another she and Lady Randolph Churchill were inseparable-one never shopped without the other-but at a later date she took Lady Craven instead and insisted that she become one of her ladies of honor. It is not in temperament alone that

the new queen differs from her predecessor, but in every other detail. For years Alexandra has been noted for her taste in dress-an accusation

never made of Queen Victoria. In admirable characteristics Alexandra is not wanting. She is the only one of Queen Victoria's royal daughtersin-law who has been able to get along West Indian station, and while occupywith her. Even her daughters have ing that post he opened the Jamaica found little sympathy in the cool rigid- Industrial exposition in 1890.

ness of the throne. But Alexandra be-

gan by determining to like her mother-

in-law, and she has kept it up. the Princess of Wales better than any his own suddenly acquired importance one of her own family except Beatrice as heir presumptive. and that she would sooner see her on the throne than any other one that she

new king, is a man who has sown his ably the most democratic of their kind wild oats with a princely and lavisb in Great Britain. They have three prethand. He has, however, settled down ty children, two of whom are princes. and become a man of family and dig-

second and eldest surviving son of the English believe him to be thorthe new King Edward VII, has long oughly manly. Only a year ago, when been known as the Duke of York. He the situation in South Africa developed has also been called "the sailor prince" into a serious war, he declared his from the fact that he has had a naval eagerness to go and fight the Boers.

He was born June 3, 1865. The queen herself kept him at home.

altogether naval. In 1883 he became Queen Victoria during her long a midshipman on board the Canada,



PRINCE ALBERT EDWARD OF YORK. that of the gunboat Thrush on the

Just one year later the young man was raised to the rank of commander. but his actual service was brought to Queen Victoria declared that she liked a close by the death of his brother and

The Duchess of York, his wife, was formerly the pretty Princess May of Teck. The marriage has been very, The new Prince of Wales, like the happy, and this royal couple are prob-

The new Prince of Wales has earned for himself a warm place in British George Frederick Ernest Albert, the hearts. He is extremely popular, for Only peremptory orders from the



EDWARD VII.

him as King Edward VII.

His eldest son, the Duke of York, who becomes the Prince of Wales by his father's accession to the throne, has also an Edward in his long list of at the laying of the foundation stone names, and his eldest son, who will be of the Lambeth School of Art at Vauxking of England some day, if he lives, has also an Edward in his name. It has been argued that by calling himself Edward VII the new king could revive the line of kingly Edwards, and | itable undertakings were to be recogin time they would exceed in number | nized by royal approval. This work the Henrys who have sat upon the English throne.

It was long the fond hope of Victoria's heart that her son should reign ears in the list of royal titles. The ward. The queen's ministers and the everything, saw that it were better to care to make. yield. But she is reported to have shed tears over it.

It was on the morning of the 9th of November, 1841, that an anxious group of personages waited in the great mother entered it in her daily diary rooms of Buckingham palace. They long after he had grown to manhood were dignituries of church and state and become the father of a large famwho had been summoned in accordance with royal eliquette to be present at But wee be to any outsider, however the arrival of a possible beir to the throne of England. They gathered together in the antercom close by the queen's bed chamber. Among them were archbishops and bishops, arrayed in silk shovel hats and gorgeous aprons; members of the cabinet, headed by the prime minister; nurses and doctors by

For hours this motley assemblage awaited the event. Their patience was

"Is it a boy?" anxiously asked the Duke of Wellington of the nurse.

"It is a prince, your grace," answered the woman, with unruffled dignity. When it was announced that the hopes and wishes of a nation had beer fulfilled and that a boy had been born | cess' idea.

but many years ago he announced that the Rev. C. F. Tarver and Mr. H. W. when he ascended the throne he would Fisher. He then studied for a session we his second name. Edward, and be at Edinburgh and later entered Christknown as King Edward VII in prefer. | church, Oxford. Here he attended pubence to King Albert I. The English | lie lectures for a year and afterward | people have always looked forward to resided for three or four terms at Trinpurpose.

His earliest appearance in a leading part on any public occasion was in 1859, hall. After the death of his father in December, 1861, he naturally became the most desirable functionary at all ceremonies in which beneficent or charhas ever since occupied a large share of his time and has always been performed with dignity, tact and patience. Indeed no prince of any country has under the title of Albert, the name of ever personally exerted himself more his father, her beloved husband. But faithfully to render services of this sort

Albert is a strange name to English to the community. The multiplicity and variety of his engagements on beprince himself desired to be called Ed. half of local and special enterprises make a surprising list and necessarily queen's subjects desired it, so at last involved a sacrifice of ease and leisure the mother, so fond of her own way in which few men of high rank would

> Among the members of the royal family the Prince of Wales has been called Bertie from his childhood. His father called him by that name; his ily; his wife calls him Bertie today.

> intimate, who dares address the prince by that name!

An adoring British aristocracy has applied all sorts of names to the popular heir apparent, which have been taken up by many Americans who have met him and a great many more who have not. Some of these pet names have not been altogether dignified, or even respectful-such as "tum-tum." But the prince has put up with them all good naturedly. But Bertie was for the family alone. The Princess of Wales' wedding ring is set with a beryl, an emerald, a ruby, a turquoise, an lacinth and a second timate his power as a social factor. He emerald. The initials of these six has dictated fashions and dominated gems spell "Bertie." It was the prin-



THE NEW PRINCE OF WALES.

attaches to sovereignty off his mother's bands. He visited India and Ireland. engaged in solidifying the empire. He started intercolonial and international exhibitions. He encouraged and liberally subscribed to public charities. He has been a liberal patron of art and of the drama. It is impossible to overesmanners. On bim fell the full responsibility of the arrangements for the the young person in the picture and

A very pretty and romantic story is told of how the Princess of Denmark became the wife of Prince Albert Edward of Wales. The prince chanced to be whiling away part of a long summer afternoon with two or three congenial friends when one of them, a colonel, produced from his pocket a photograph.

The prince immediately became struck by the beauty and simplicity of